

V- SEMESTER

Course Code 12 A: ANALYTICAL METHODS IN CHEMISTRY-

QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS

Credits: 03

ANALYTICAL METHODS IN CHEMISTRY- QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE (ELECTIVE)

I. Learning Outcomes:

Students after successful completion of the course will be able to:

- 1) Identify the importance of solvent extraction and ion exchange method.
- 2) Acquire knowledge on the basic principles of volumetric analysis and gravimetric analysis.
- 3) Demonstrate the usage of common laboratory apparatus used in quantitative analysis.
- 4) Understand the theories of different types of titrations.
- 5) Gain knowledge on different types of errors and the minimization methods.

II. Syllabus:

Unit-1: Quantitative analysis-1 (9 hours)

A brief introduction to analytical methods in chemistry. Principles of volumetric analysis, concentration terms- Molarity, Molality, Normality, v/v, w/v, ppm and ppb, preparing solutions- Standard solution, primary standards and secondary standards.. Description and use of common laboratory apparatus- volumetric flask, burette, pipette, beakers, measuring cylinders.

Unit-2: Quantitative analysis-2 (9 hours)

Principles of volumetric analysis: Theories of acid-base (including study of acid-base titration curves), redox, complex metric, iodometric and precipitation titrations-choice of indicators for the saturations. Principles of gravimetric analysis: precipitation, coagulation, peptization, coprecipitation, post precipitation, digestion, filtration, and washing of precipitate, drying and ignition.

Unit-3: Treatment of analytical data (9 hours)

Types of errors- Relative and absolute, significant figures and its importance, accuracy - methods of expressing accuracy, errors- Determinate and indeterminate and minimization of errors, precision-methods of expressing precision, standard deviation and confidence interval.

Unit-4: Separation techniques (9hours)

Solvent Extraction: Introduction, principle, techniques, factors affecting solvent extraction, Batch extraction, Continuous extraction and counter current extraction. Synergism.

Application-Determination of Iron(III). Ion Exchange method: Introduction, action of ion exchange resins, applications.

UNIT-5: Analysis of water (9 hours)

Determination of dissolved solids, total hardness of water, turbidity, alkalinity, Dissolved oxygen, COD, determination of chloride using Mohr's method.

III. Suggested Co-Curricular Activities:

- 1) Training of students by related industrial experts.
- 2) Assignments, Seminars and Quiz(on related topics).
- 3) Visits to laboratories, firms, research organizations etc.
- 4) Invited lectures and presentations on related topics by field/industrial experts.

IV. List of Reference Books:

- 1) Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry by F.James Holler, Stanley R Crouch, DonaldM.West and Douglas A. Skoog, Ninth edition, Cengage.
- 2) Analytical Chemistry by Gary D.Christian, Purnendu K.Dasgupta and KevinA. Schug, Seventh edition, Wiley.
- 3) Quantitative analysis by R.A.DayJr.and A.L.Underwood, Sixth edition, Pearson.
- 4) Text book of Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis,Sixth edition, Pearson.
- 5) Text book of Environmental Chemistry and Pollution Control by S.S.Dara and D.D.Mishra, Revised edition, S Chand & Co Ltd.

V- SEMESTER

Course Code 12 A: Analytical Methods in Chemistry – Quantitative analysis:

Credits: 01

Analytical Methods in Chemistry – Quantitative analysis:

V. Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of this practical course, student shall be able to:

- 1) Estimate Iron(II) using standard Potassium dichromate solution
- 2) Learn the procedure for the estimation of total hardness of water
- 3) Demonstrate the determination of chloride using Mohr's method
- 4) Acquire skills in the operation and calibration of pH meter
- 5) Perform the strong acid vs strong base titration using pH meter

VI. Laboratory course Syllabus:

- 1) Estimation of Iron(II) using standard Potassium dichromate solution (using DPA indicator)
- 2) Estimation of total hardness of water using EDTA
- 3) Determination of chloride ion by Mohr's method
- 4) Study the effect on pH of addition of HCl/NaOH to solutions of acetic acid, sodium acetate and their mixtures.
- 5) Preparation of buffer solutions of different pH (i) Sodium acetate-acetic acid, (ii) Ammonium chloride-ammonium hydroxide.
- 6) pH metric titration of (i) strong acid vs strong base, (ii) weak acid vs. Strong base.
- 7) Determination of dissociation constant of a weak acid.

VII. Co-Curricular Activities:

Mandatory: (Lab /field training of students by teacher: (lab: 10+field: 05):